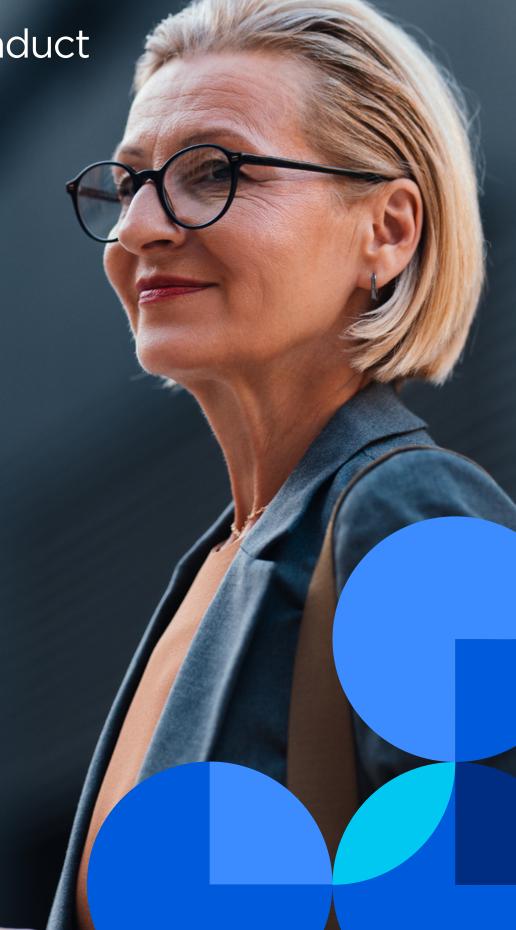


Code of Conduct for Directors

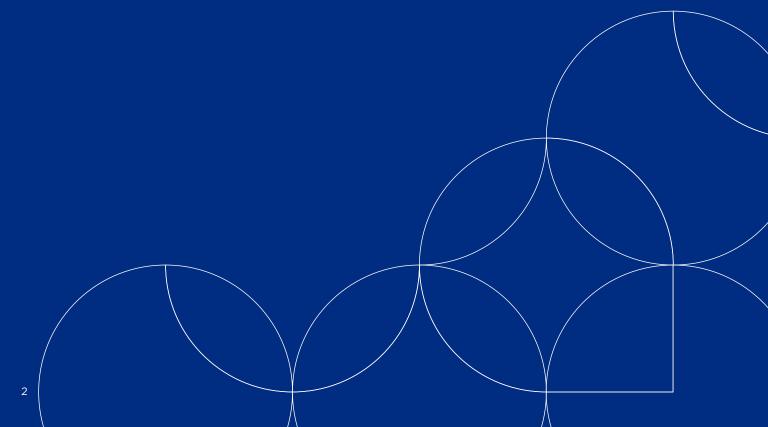
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### **Foreword**

The role of director has never been more vital, complex and challenging. Directors make decisions that are fundamental to the success of their organisations, and which have life-changing consequences for their employees, customers and other stakeholders. The judgements that directors make every day ultimately determine the fate of the economy and the future of many of our public services.

We can be rightly proud of UK business organisations much of the time. However, on occasion, business decision makers fall short of what society expects. Those at the top may lose touch with what really matters – namely the need to demonstrate exemplary values and integrity in both their business decisions and their personal behaviours. As a result, we have in recent years observed scandals and controversies which have exerted a negative effect on the esteem in which business is held. In the absence of public trust, businesses may find that their freedom to forge their own destiny is increasingly called into question.

The purpose of this Code is to help UK business win back that trust by embedding the values that are already adopted as a matter of course by most responsible business leaders. Written by directors for directors, it offers a roadmap that can help individual directors make the right decisions for themselves and their organisations, often in the face of complex challenges and trade-offs. The Code represents a voluntary commitment and is not intended to hold back directors or create a new burden of compliance. During the public consultation exercise, conducted in summer 2024, the Code received strong endorsement from the overwhelming majority of respondents, and most agreed that the undertakings contained within the Code are matters of common sense. However, at crucial moments, when key decisions have to be made, the Code may serve as a useful tool that directors can refer to when asking themselves the question: what would a responsible director do in this situation?



Lord (lain) McNicol Chair, IoD Code of Conduct Commission



Jonathan Geldart

Jonathan Geldart Director General, Institute of Directors

### Introduction to the Code

This Code of Conduct is a practical tool to help directors make better decisions. It provides organisational leaders with a behavioural framework that can help them build and maintain the trust of the wider public in their business activities.

The Code has been developed by the Institute of Directors (IoD) in support of its Royal Charter<sup>1</sup> obligation to promote high levels of integrity on the part of directors. It also fulfils the demand of IoD members<sup>2</sup> for a code which underpins high standards of professional ethics across the director community.

The Code is applicable to directors of organisations of all sizes in the private, public and not-for-profit sectors. Whilst it is recognised that many directors may already be subject to codes of conduct arising from their organisations or professional bodies, this Code is an individual commitment designed to complement such mechanisms.

The role of the director is associated with specific legal and regulatory responsibilities, including the general legal duties defined in the Companies Act 2006.<sup>3</sup> This Code does not add to these legal obligations. Nor is it associated with a formal enforcement mechanism. Rather, it sets a bar for director conduct beyond the legal baseline as a means of enhancing the legitimacy and reputation of directorship in the eyes of society and stakeholders.

Modern directorship is increasingly challenging. It involves more than simply complying with the law or applying specialist knowledge and expertise. Directors are expected to define and embed the values of their organisation and apply high ethical standards. They must apply judgement to complex situations in which competing interests, both personal and organisational, as well as the rights and interests of various stakeholders, must be prioritised and balanced. In such scenarios, identifying the right way forward is not always straightforward.

Furthermore, given their shared legal responsibility for the organisation, directors are often subject to a high level of public scrutiny – both from within the organisation and in the media. Increasingly, director conduct is a source of business and reputational risk for both organisations and individual directors.

<sup>1</sup> iod.com/app/uploads/2022/03/loD\_Royal-Charter-3c45573e09f3066dda603aa93337eefd.pdf

<sup>2</sup> iod.com/news/governance/iod-policy-paper-a-voluntary-code-of-conduct-for-directors/

These duties are: 1) To act within powers; 2) To promote the success of the company; 3) To exercise independent judgment; 4) To exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence; 5) To avoid conflicts of interest; 6) To not accept benefits from third parties; and 7) To declare interests in proposed or existing transactions or arrangements, legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2006/46/part/10/chapter/2/crossheading/the-general-duties



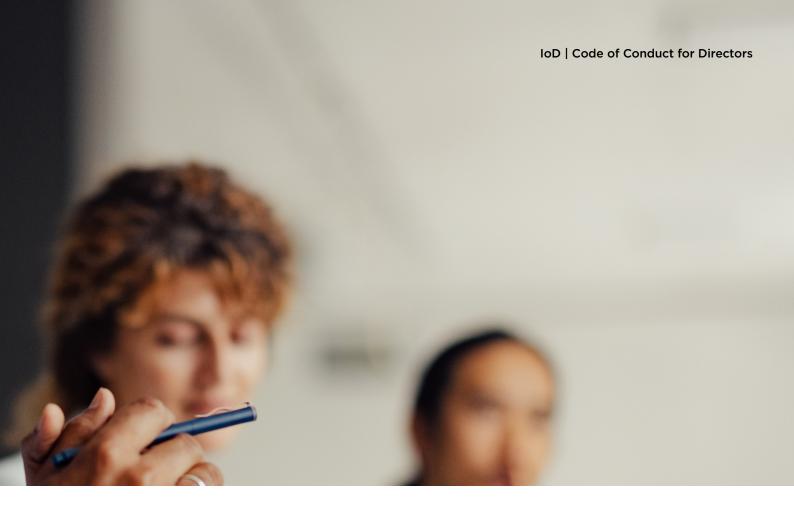


### The Code Framework

The Code is structured around six key **Principles of Director Conduct** ('Principles'). These Principles are inspired by the Seven Principles of Public Life (formerly known as the Nolan Principles<sup>4</sup>), first published in 1995 by the Committee on Standards in Public Life.

#### **Principles of Director Conduct:**

- 1 Leading by example: Demonstrating exemplary standards of behaviour in personal conduct and decision-making.
- 2 Integrity: Acting with honesty, adhering to strong ethical values, and doing the right thing.
- 3 Transparency: Communicating, acting and making decisions openly, honestly and clearly.
- 4 Accountability: Taking personal responsibility for actions and their consequences.
- **5** Fairness: Treating people equitably, without discrimination or bias.
- **6** Responsible business: Integrating ethical and sustainable practices into business decisions, taking into account societal and environmental impacts.



Each Principle is underpinned by a number of specific Undertakings. By applying the **Principles** and fulfilling the **Undertakings**, directors are well placed to achieve the positive **Outcomes** set out in the table below.

| Principles   | Leading<br>by Example   | Integrity   | Transparency  | Accountability  | Fairness  | Responsible<br>Business  |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Undertakings | Exemplary behaviour<br>embodying and<br>promoting values<br>and challenging<br>poor behaviour | Abiding with relevant<br>laws and regulations,<br>acting in good faith<br>and upholding high<br>ethical standards | Open and accurate<br>communication<br>about decision-<br>making and actions | Understanding your<br>responsibilities and<br>providing honest<br>accounts of your<br>conduct | Making justifiable<br>decisions based<br>on impartiality,<br>consistency and<br>merit | Aiming for<br>long-term sustainable<br>business success<br>considering social and<br>environmental impacts |
| Outcomes     | RESPECT CONFIDEN  |   | DENCE<br>TRUS   | RELATION:<br>T  | SHIPS<br>LEGITIMA   | RESILIENCE<br>CY   |

## Principle 1 | Leading by Example

# Demonstrating exemplary standards of behaviour in personal conduct and decision-making.

Leading by Example is about setting a high bar in terms of your own behaviours, which in turn encourages others to follow suit. It involves demonstrating the values, ethics and commitments which are expected by your organisation in all that you do.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Exhibit high standards of personal conduct and professionalism.
- Consider the impact of my behaviour on employees, fellow directors and other stakeholders.
- Avoid behaviour which might adversely affect the reputation of my organisation, or which contradicts its values.
- Treat everyone with respect, dignity and consideration, and demonstrate concern for their wellbeing and mental health.
- Devote sufficient time and attention to my role as a director.
- Strive to develop my own competency through continuing professional development and encourage that in others.

**Outcomes:** You will gain respect, loyalty and trust as an authentic leader, where your actions align with your words. You will inspire and influence others to emulate your positive behaviours. Through your leadership, the organisation will build strong business relationships and be well placed to achieve sustainable business success.

## Principle 2 | Integrity

## Acting with honesty, adhering to strong ethical values, and doing the right thing.

Integrity is about consistently doing what is right. You should abide with relevant laws and regulations, act in good faith and uphold high ethical standards. Your decisions should prioritise the interests of the organisation over personal gain, and balance organisational objectives with the interests of key stakeholders.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Comply with the letter and spirit of applicable law and be willing to cooperate fully with regulatory authorities.
- Deal honestly with all parties.
- Place the interests of the organisation and its societal impact above my personal interests.
- Be alert to perceived conflicts of interest and manage them when they arise.
- Voice constructive challenge and disagreement on matters of concern.
- Challenge words, behaviour or attitudes that fall below expectations.
- Adhere to collective responsibility for agreed decisions.
- Be prepared to resign from the board if a matter of conscience, judgement or good governance cannot be remediated through good business practices.
- Safeguard confidential information unless appropriate disclosure has been authorised, and not make improper use of information.

**Outcomes:** Integrity will foster trust and respect from others and cultivate an atmosphere of honest and open communication. By demonstrating integrity, you not only promote an ethical organisational culture but also strengthen the collective commitment to achieving shared goals and objectives. This helps you build strong stakeholder relationships thereby enhancing organisational performance and reputation.

## Principle 3 | Transparency

# Communicating, acting and making decisions openly, honestly and clearly.

Transparency involves being open about your decisions and actions. It entails providing accurate, timely and consistent information to stakeholders, demonstrating that your decisions are fair and reasonable.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Be open and transparent to the rest of the board and relevant stakeholders in respect of anything that might be perceived as affecting my objectivity (such as a conflict of interest).
- Promote an open business culture which does not cover up wrong-doing or mistakes.
- Encourage the adoption of 'speak up' mechanisms which enable employees and other relevant stakeholders to report concerns about any misconduct or actions that are not aligned to the organisation's values.
- Ensure that all communications with stakeholders are undertaken in a straightforward and accessible manner, providing accurate, relevant and timely information.
- Be candid with stakeholders about the limits of transparency (such as when information is of a commercially sensitive nature or subject to legal restriction).

**Outcomes:** Transparency builds trust, credibility, and confidence. By demonstrating the rationale behind your decision-making, you will promote clarity and understanding, enabling positive relationships and effective collaboration with key stakeholders. Transparency will help you stimulate an open and innovative culture, with reduced vulnerability to hidden risks.

## Principle 4 | Accountability

# Taking personal responsibility for actions and their consequences.

Being accountable means you are answerable for the decisions and actions you take in fulfilling your duties as a director. This includes subjecting your actions and decisions to scrutiny and being prepared to provide an honest and transparent account of your conduct.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Comply with my legal duties to the organisation, take personal responsibility for my actions and share collective responsibility for the decisions of the board.
- Be open to feedback and, where applicable, make improvements based upon that feedback.
- Oversee and hold the organisation to account in respect of its performance and embodiment of the organisation's values.
- Understand the legitimate expectations of shareholders and other relevant stakeholders and engage appropriately with them.
- Seek independent advice on matters of concern at an early stage and, where appropriate, call for action to protect the interests of creditors if the organisation is struggling financially.
- Reflect on whether I have the knowledge and skills required to fulfil my role as a director and, if any material gaps cannot be remedied through appropriate training, decline to serve on a board.

**Outcomes:** Accountability will improve the quality of your decision-making and is essential in maintaining the trust and confidence of stakeholders. Commitment to accountability will cement your reputation as a trusted fiduciary and help build the governance standing of your organisation.

## Principle 5 | Fairness

## Treating people equitably, with no discrimination or bias.

Fairness encompasses making decisions impartially, consistently and based on merit, while providing justification for your decisions. It involves you being inclusive and treating everyone with respect, dignity and consideration. Fairness is essential for nurturing a culture where diversity is welcomed, and all individuals have the chance to excel and realise their potential.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Make decisions as objectively as possible and be alert to the risk of bias or groupthink.
- Recognise and respect the legitimate interests of relevant stakeholders including customers, employees, investors and suppliers.
- Promote equality of opportunity in all business activities.
- Encourage the fair treatment of suppliers and customers.
- Champion diversity of thought, by being open to differing ideas and views.
- Engender an inclusive culture where all employees can bring their best selves to work, and in which concerns they raise will be investigated without fear of adverse consequences.
- Share credit with those contributing to successful outcomes, and provide constructive feedback where performance does not meet expected standards.
- Advocate for reward and recognition structures that are fair, encourage ethical behaviour and support a longer-term perspective.

**Outcomes:** By demonstrating fairness, you will build and maintain confidence in your decision-making and foster a sense of loyalty amongst colleagues and stakeholders. Fairness leads to an inclusive and motivated environment where everyone feels valued and respected, with positive consequences for sustainable business success.

## Principle 6 | Responsible Business

Integrating ethical and sustainable practices into business decision-making, taking into account societal and environmental impacts.

Responsible Business entails combining an entrepreneurial mindset with a recognition that the scope of your responsibilities extends beyond your organisation and can have a broader impact on society and planet. This involves ensuring environmentally safe, ethical and equitable working conditions and products. Responsible Business requires you to align strategic objectives with creating favourable outcomes for stakeholders over the longer term, striking a balance between financial performance and societal impact.

#### As a director, I undertake to:

- Consider the consequences of my decisions for society, communities and the environment.
- Manage risk in a responsible manner and avoid prioritising the short-term financial interests of shareholders over the longer-term resilience and strategic objectives of the organisation as a whole.
- Promote high business standards across the supply chain, particularly with regard to employment conditions and environmental impact.
- Ensure that artificial intelligence and other technological innovations are utilised by the organisation in an informed and responsible manner.
- Reject corrupt business practices.
- Advocate for an organisational culture which values diversity and inclusion.

**Outcomes:** By linking the success of your organisation to that of wider society and the environment, you will contribute to a more sustainable and equitable future. This will resonate with stakeholders, leading to enhanced trust and confidence in your leadership, setting a foundation for enduring relationships with customers, employees, and the communities in which you operate.

## Applying the Code

The Code is a voluntary source of guidance for directors. If the recommendations of the Code are perceived as conflicting with mandatory requirements – such as those arising from legislation, regulation, contractual obligations, professional standards or organisational rules – then the requirements of the latter should prevail. Directors should apply their judgement in the application of the Code, and seek professional advice in respect of fulfilling their legal obligations.

There is no formal enforcement mechanism associated with the Code. However, organisations and their stakeholders may choose to use the Code to guide their own assessment of director actions and behaviour.

Although the Code is directed at individual directors, boards are also encouraged to publicly commit to the Code. Possible mechanisms may include disclosure in annual reports and on websites; communication to employees and other stakeholders; and through social media. The IoD has developed a kitemark that can be used to publicly signify commitment to the Code.

The Code is intended for anyone fulfilling a director or director-equivalent role. This encompasses both executive and non-executive director roles in the private, public and not-for-profit sectors. The Code has been designed for the directors of organisations of all sizes, from micro entities through to the largest listed companies or publicly owned entities. Although the Code has been framed with UK directors in mind, those operating in non-UK jurisdictions may also find value in the Code.

### Acknowledgements

The Code of Conduct was developed for the IoD by a Commission under the chairmanship of Lord McNicol which met between October 2023 and May 2024. The Code was then subject to a public consultation between June and August 2024. The IoD would like to express its thanks to all of the Commissioners:

Lord (lain) McNicol of West Kilbride (Chair) Emma Lovell

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Anne Whitaker Liz Barclay

Baroness Margaret Ford Margaret Casely-Hayford CBE

Brigid Napier Paul Boyle OBE

Dame Elish Angiolini Paul Munden CDir

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The project was coordinated at the IoD by Dr Roger Barker and Sasha Trapani.

The IoD plans to review and update the Code on a periodic basis. In addition, the IoD will over time develop guidance on the Code which describes how it can be applied in a variety of real-life scenarios. This will be made available on the IoD's website.





The Institute of Directors is a non-party political organisation, founded in 1903, with approximately 20,000 members. Membership includes directors from right across the business spectrum, from media to manufacturing, professional services to the public and voluntary sectors. Members include CEOs of large corporations as well as entrepreneurial directors of start-up companies.

The IoD was granted a Royal Charter in 1906, instructing it to "represent the interests of members and of the business community to government and in the public arena, and to encourage and foster a climate favourable to entrepreneurial activity and wealth creation." The Charter also tasks the Institute with promoting "for the public benefit high levels of skill, knowledge, professional competence and integrity on the part of directors", which the IoD seeks to achieve through its training courses and publications on corporate governance.

The IoD is an accredited <u>Good Business Charter</u> organisation.

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